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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/820,586	04/08/2004	Boris Mayer	30691/DP008	8111
4743	7590 03/09/2006 EXAMINER			
MARSHALL, GERSTEIN & BORUN LLP 233 S. WACKER DRIVE, SUITE 6300			BANGACHON, WILLIAM L	
SEARS TOWER			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
CHICAGO, II	L 60606		2635	

DATE MAILED: 03/09/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/820,586	MAYER ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	William L. Bangachon	2635	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC .136(a). In no event, however, may a re- I will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT te, cause the application to become ABA	ATION. ply be timely filed HS from the mailing date of this communication UNDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 A</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Thi Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	s action is non-final. ance except for formal matte	•	:
Disposition of Claims			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 12-20 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 12-20 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	awn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examina 10) The drawing(s) filed on 12/27/2006 is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	☑ accepted or b)☐ objected or b)☐ objected or b)☐ objected or abeyand or the drawing(s) be the drawing(s)	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). b) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d	l).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documen 2. Certified copies of the priority documen 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documen application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	its have been received. Its have been received in Apprity documents have been reu (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	plication No eceived in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) ☐ Interview Su	mmary (PTO-413)	

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10/31/2005.

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PTOL-326 (Rev. 7-05)

Office Ac

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date. ___

6) Other: _____.

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

Application/Control Number: 10/820,586 Page 2

Art Unit: 2635

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 12-20 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Specification

2. Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc. In this case, the abstract is objected to because the abstract recites, "Disclosed herein." Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

3. The specification is objected to as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for the claimed subject matter. See 37 CFR 1.75(d)(1) and MPEP § 608.01(o). Correction of the following is required: There is no description of "after assigning a user to a user group, a function can be activated that causes an essentially simultaneous opening of several parcel compartments" recited in claims 12-13.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

4. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

5. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter, which the applicant regards as his invention.

6. Claims 12-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter, which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

There is no description of "after assigning a user to a user group, a function that can be activated that causes an essentially simultaneous opening of several parcel compartments" recited in claims 12-20, in the originally filed disclosure. There is no description of a user group being assigned to several parcel compartments so that when a user is assigned to said user group, the user can open the several parcel compartments that is assigned to the user group.

7. Claims 12-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding claims 12 and 13, the phrase "in such a way" (or "such as") renders the claim indefinite because it is unclear whether the limitations following the phrase are part of the claimed invention. See MPEP § 2173.05(d). Further, it is vague and unclear how several parcel compartments can be opened by virtue of assigning a user to a user group.

Claim 12 recites the limitation "the control of the access possibilities" in page 3; claim 18 recites the limitation "different access authorizations" in page 4. There is insufficient antecedent basis for these limitations in the claims.

Claims 14-20 are dependent claims and therefore rejected for the same reasons.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 10. Claims 12-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over USP 5,774,053 {Porter} in view of USP 6,879,243 {Booth et al}.

In claim 13, Porter teach of a electronic storage device (10) (the electronic parcel compartment system) with a user interface (26, 30) {col. 3, lines 42+}, for the delivery and pickup of goods, the user interface comprising a keypad (26) (the means for

Art Unit: 2635

acquiring information from users of the electronic parcel compartment system) {col. 6, lines 6-15}, the electronic storage device comprises means for assigning vendors and/or homeowners (the users) to vendor groups (46) {col. 5, lines 37+} and being provided with a system control that allows a user to have access to a selection of several functions (such as locking, unlocking, notify customers, turn on AC or heating) of the electronic parcel compartment system, depending on the user group (vendors, homeowners, apartment dwellers) to which the user belongs {col. 5, lines 53-64; col. 6, lines 30-55}.

Porter does not disclose expressly "an essentially simultaneous opening of several parcel compartments". Booth et al, in the same field of endeavor, teach of remotely controlling an electronic storage system comprising a plurality of lockers such as those found in schools, airports, shopping malls, fitness clubs, for a plurality of users {col. 1, lines 43+; Figure 1}. Booth et al teach that a locker can be assigned to several user-defined groups and that each user can be assigned to one or more user-defined groups. Booth et al suggests that the ability to assign both lockers and user to groups gives an administrator a powerful tool to manage lockers and users of the system {Booth et al, paragraph bridging cols. 9 and 10; Tables 1, 4, 5, 9, 13}. This capability allows an administrator to open (an activated function, as claimed) groups of lockers (an essentially simultaneous opening of several parcel compartments) for inspection, cleaning or maintenance during off-hours in a safe, secure, and convenient locker control system {Booth, col. 18, lines 9-25}. Obviously, a locker with several parcel compartments for delivering merchandise, as taught by Booth et al, is beneficial in the

Art Unit: 2635

system of Porter, because it is capable of being used as a storage device for the delivery and pickup of goods anywhere. Therefore, at the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the system of Porter to accommodate several users, as taught by Booth et al, and allow an administrator to open (an activated function, as claimed) groups of lockers (an essentially simultaneous opening of several parcel compartments) for inspection, cleaning or maintenance during off-hours in a safe, secure, and convenient locker control system.

In claim 15, the means for assigning users to user groups (46) is connected to the user interface (26, 30) in such a way that the information acquired from the user interface is available to said means for the assignment of the users {Porter, col. 5, lines 37+; Booth et al, Table 1}.

In claims 14 and 16, the means for assigning the users (vendors, homeowners) to user groups (46) makes this assignment on the basis of information transmitted via a data line {Porter, col. 6, lines 6-7; Figure 5; Booth et al, Figure 1, 24}.

In claim 17, the assignment to the user groups is performed by acquiring user identification information and by making a comparison of the user identification information to an entry in a database {Porter, col. 6, lines 6-15, lines 30-51}.

In claim 18, wherein different access authorizations to functions of the electronic parcel compartment system can be selected for different user groups {Porter, col. 6, lines 42+}.

In claim 19, at least one of certain parcel compartments and groups of parcel compartments are accessible only to certain user groups {Porter, col. 8, lines 12-22}.

Application/Control Number: 10/820,586 Page 7

Art Unit: 2635

In claim 20, the assignment of the parcel compartments to the user groups can

be changed {Porter, col. 7, lines 46-50}.

Claim 12 recites a method for practicing the system of claim 13, and therefore

rejected for the same reasons.

Conclusion

11. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in

this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP

§ 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37

CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not

mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the

shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Office Contact Information

Art Unit: 2635

12. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to William L. Bangachon whose telephone number is (571)-272-3065. The Examiner can normally be reached on 4/4/1010.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Michael Horabik can be reached on (571)-272-3068. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 5(571) 273-830000 for regular and After Final formal communications. The Examiner's fax number is (571)-273-3065 for informal communications.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-6071.

Art Unit: 2635

William L Bangachon

Examiner Art Unit 2635

February 22, 2006

MICHAEL HORABIK SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600 Title: Electronic Device for Packet Boxes and Related Operating

Method

Inventor: Boris MAYER
Application No.: 10/820,586
Docket No.: 30882/DP008

NEW SHEET



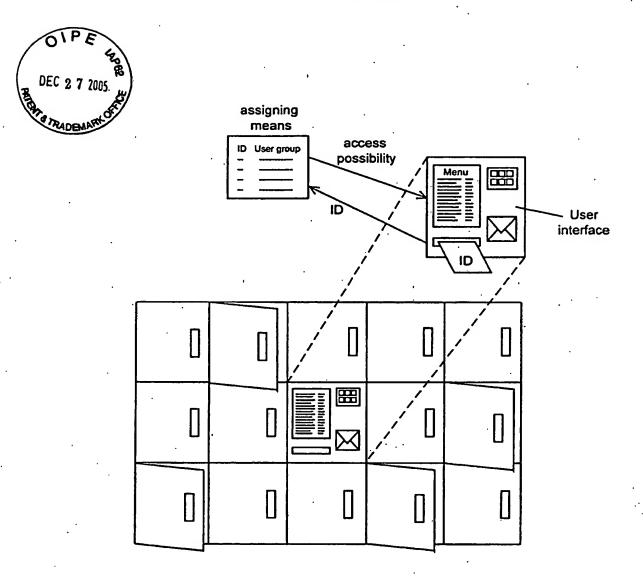


FIG. 2

Title: Electronic Device for Packet Boxes and Related Operating

Method

Inventor: Boris MAYER
Application No.: 10/820,586
Docket No.: 30882/DP008

NEW SHEET



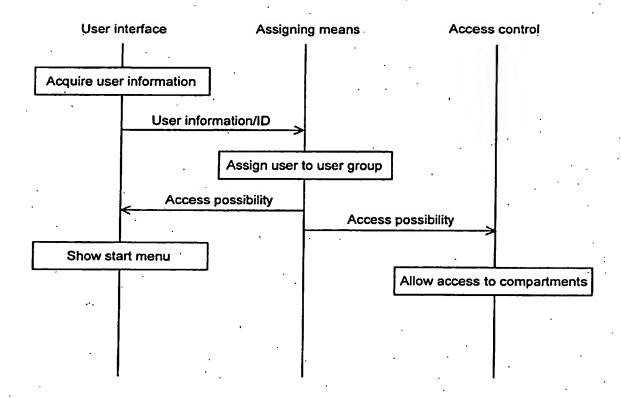


FIG. 3